# The Scientific Results of the Hungarian Soil Zoological Expedition to the Brazzaville-Congo\*

# 39. Clytrinae (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae)

By
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Dr. Zoltán Kaszab has amiably placed at my disposal a material of African Clytrinae from the Hungarian Natural History Museum which was collected in the Brazzaville-Congo by the Hungarian Soil Zoological Expedition. The material counts 72 specimens, belonging to 8 species. An annotated list of species is given below.

# 1. Peploptera suturalis CLAV.

Kindamba, Meya, Bangu forest, 12. XI. 1963, 1 specimen; leg. Balogh & Zicsi. Beaten from bushes of forest. — Kindamba, Meya, savannah, 2. XI. 1963, 1 specimen; leg. Endrødy-Younga. Netted on dry high grass with several dicotyledons.

Species was known from Leopoldville-Congo.

# 2. Aetheomorpha nematoidea Lac.

Loudima, fruit plantation, 6. XII. 1963, 2 specimens, leg. BALOGH & ZICSI. — Loudima, 11. XII. 1963, 1 specimen, leg. Endrødy-Younga. By lamplight on hillside facing savannah.

Was known from Senegal and Cameroons.

# 3. Melitonoma punctipennis Jac.

Loudima, fruit plantation, 6. XII. 1963, 10 specimens, leg. Endrödy-Younga. Netted from undergrowth of fruit plots with many dicotyledons. — Loudima, milk-farm, 7. XII. 1963, 3 specimens, leg. Endrödy-Younga. Netted from weed-borders rich in dicotyledons.

Species was known from Dahomea, Nigeria and Leopoldville-Congo.

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#### 4. Coptocephala minor Burg.

Lefinie reservation, 13. I. 1964, 1 specimen, leg. Endrødy-Younga. Netted on low grassy savannah.

Species was described from Leopoldville-Congo.

#### 5. Coptocephala imitans JAC.

Brazzaville, 30. XII. 1963, 1 specimen, leg. Endrody-Younga. Netted on dry meadow.

Was known from Togo and Leopoldville-Congo.

Coptocephala dortevellei Burg. is a new synonym of this species. Coptocephala opacipennis Wse from Tansania differs only in colour of legs and must regarded as a subspecies of C. imitans Jac.

#### 6. Smaragdina elongata JAC.

Sibiti, leg. Endrődy-Younga: along border of rain forest, 26. XI. 1963, 1 specimen and 2. XII. 1963, 1 specimen; rain forest, 23. XI. 1963, 1 specimen and 27. XI. 1963, 2 specimens; oilpalm plantation, 27. XI. 1963, 11 specimens and 29. XI. 1963, 1 specimen.

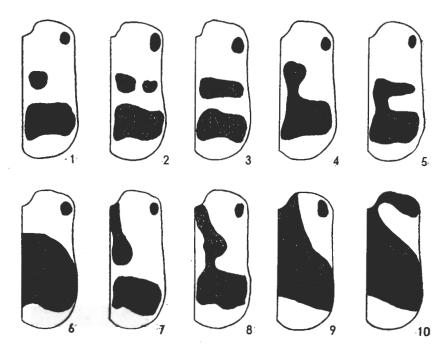
Abundant species; was recorded from Sierra Leone, Togo, Leopoldville-Congo, Kenya and South Africa.

## 7. Smaragdina scitula LAC.

This is an extremely variable species, especially in patterns of elytra. Prothorax may be black or lateral margins more or less fulvous, red-fulvous or brown. Legs entirely black or base of tibiae fulvous, or tibiae entirely fulvous (sometimes darkened on apices) tarsi sometimes more or less fulvous. Each elytron of typical from (fig. 2) with humeral spot (m1), a spot before middle near lateral border (m2) a spot before middle near sufure (m3) and transverse band behind middle (f).

There are following aberrations before me:

- ab. deficiens, nov. -m2 absent (fig. 1). This is var. A of LACORDAIRE.
- ab. fasciata, nov. m2 and m3 connected in a transverse band (fig. 3).
- ab. connectens, nov. m2 absent, m3 connected with f (fig. 4).
- ab. hieroglyphica, nov. m3 connected with m0 and f (fig. 5).
- ab. stanleyi Pic m2, m3 and f are confluent in a broad common transverse band (fig. 6).
- ab. subvittata, nov. m2 absent, m3 continuate forward to scutellum, suture not black (fig. 7).
- ab. vittata, nov. quite similar to preceding form, but m3 connected with f (fig. 8).
- ab. subconfluens, nov. similar to ab. vittata, but suture, except apex, black and prolongation of m3 reaching the basal margin of elytra (fig. 9.)



Figs. 1—10. Aberrations of Smaragdina scitula Lac. 1: ab. deficiens, nov.; 2: typical form; 3: ab. fasciata, nov.; 4: ab. connectens, nov.; 5: ab. hieroglyphica, nov.; 6: ab. stanleyi Pic; 7: ab. subvittata, nov.; 8: ab. vittata, nov.; 9: ab. subconfluens, nov.; 10: ab. confluens, nov.

ab. confluens, nov. — very similar to preceeding, but m1 connected along basal margin with prolongation of m3 (fig. 10).

The typical form was not found in Congo; ab. deficiens seems to be the most abundant.

Smaragdina marginicollis JAC. and S. stanleyi PIC are new synonyms of S. scitula LAC.

Mont Fouri reservation (near Gabon), 13—14. XII. 1963, 4 specimens, leg. Balogh & Endrody-Younga. On grass of savannah (ab. deficiens, subvittata). — Lefinie Reservation, Plato Bateke, Mbe, 14. I. 1964, 6. specimens, leg. Endrody-Younga (ab. subconfluens, confluens). — Kindamba, Meya, leg. Endrody-Younga: savannah, 30. X.—11. XI. 1963, 9 specimens on dry high grass (ab. deficiens, fasciata, connectens, hieroglyphica, vittata, subconfluens). Settlement, 5. XI. 1963, 1 specimen, by lamplight (ab. hieroglyphica). — Brazzaville, Djoue river, 25. X. 1963, 1 specimen, leg. Endrody-Younga (ab. stanleyi). — 30 km W from Brazzaville, Forest Classee, 26. XII. 1963, 1 specimen, leg. Endrody-Younga (ab. stanleyi). — Loudima, leg. Endrody-Younga: on fields, covered with Carex, 5. XII. 1963, 2 specimens (ab. defecta, hieroglyphica). On burnt savannah, from graminea species, 5. XII. 1963, 1 specimen (ab. fasciata). Fruit plantation, 6. XII. 1963, 8 specimens, netted from undergrowth of fruit plots (ab. deficiens, fasciata and connectens).

Species distributed in Guinea, Leopoldville-Congo and Kapland.

### 8. Smaragdina weisei JAC.

Sibiti, oilpalm plantation, 27. XI. 1963, 1 specimen, leg. Endrődy-Younga. — Loudima, milk-farm, 7. XII. 1963, 2 specimens, leg. Endrődy-Younga.

Species was known from West Africa.

#### ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

Einige Clytrinae-Arten aus Brazzaville-Congo

Der Verfasser zählt 8 Arten aus der Unterfamilie Clytrinae (Chrysomelidae) auf, die von der ungarischen bodenzoologischen Expedition in Brazzaville-Congo gesammelt worden sind. Er beschreibt 8 neue Aberrationen der Art Smaragdina scitula LAC.